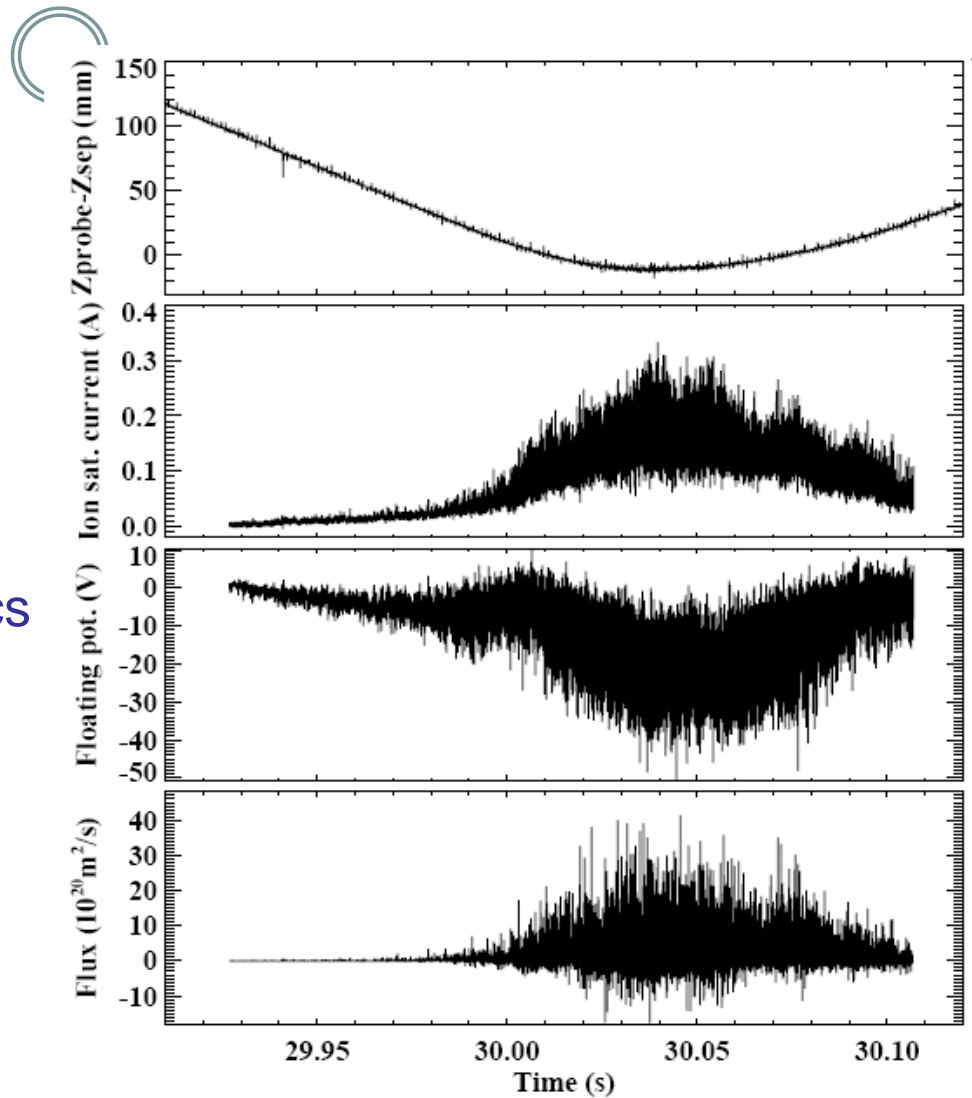




# DATA ANALYSIS

# Probe data

Probe data looks “noise” but fluctuations contain important information on different edge physics phenomena



# Removing trend

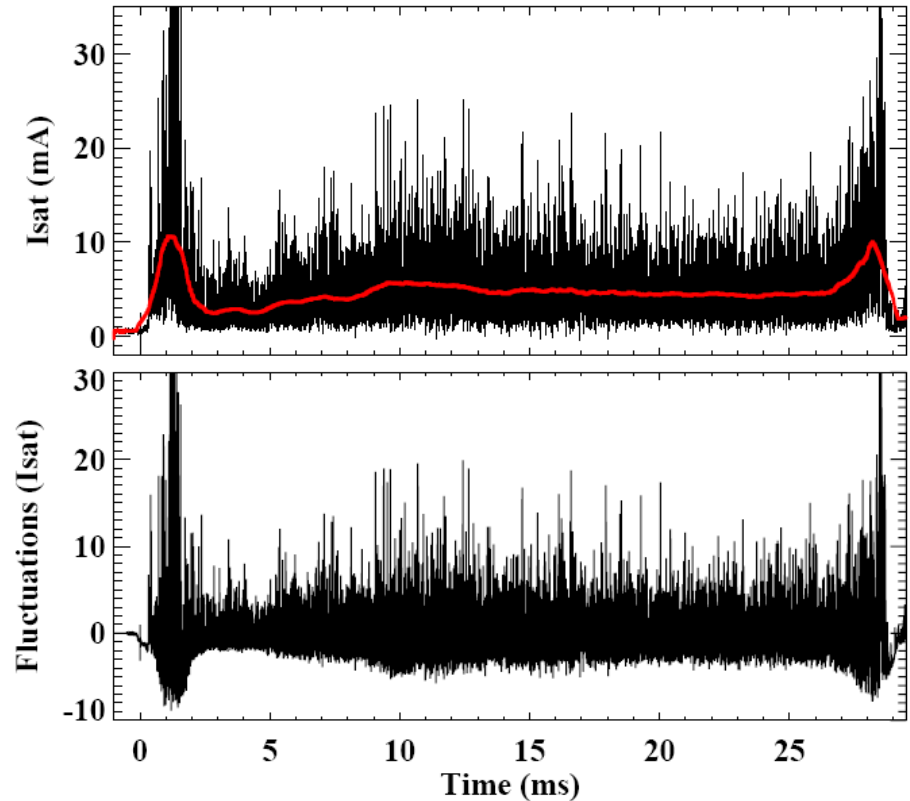


## Mean + fluctuations

### Fluctuations

$F(t) - \text{mean}[f(t)]$

- ❑ Sliding average:  $F(t) - \text{smooth}[f(t), N]$  or filtering the signal to remove the trend
- ❑  $N\Delta t$  larger than the time scales of interest  $N \sim 1000$  ( $\sim 1\text{ms}$ )

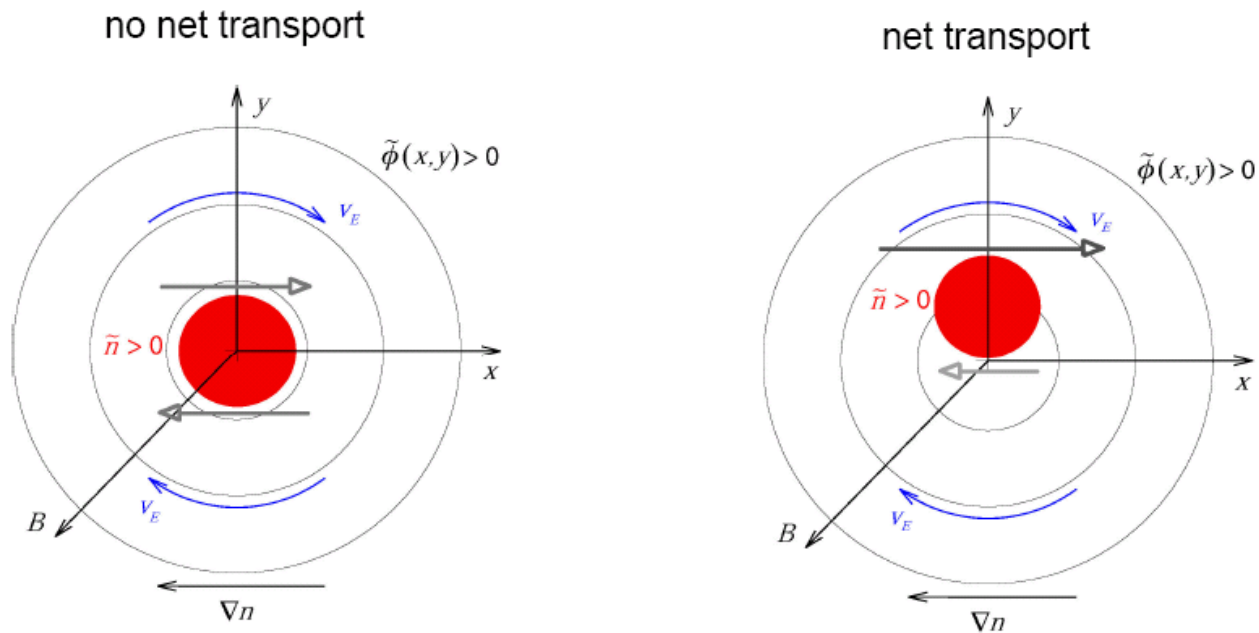


# Turbulent particle flux



If local density and  $E_\theta$  fluctuations are in phase then a net time-averaged radial transport exists

$$\tilde{E}_\theta \rightarrow \tilde{v}_r = \frac{\tilde{E}_\theta}{B} \quad \Gamma_{E \times B} = \frac{\langle \tilde{n} \tilde{E}_\theta \rangle}{B}$$



# Data to be used



## Discharges:

41168 - 70

41172 - 75

## IDs

PCIE\_ATCA\_ADC\_16.BOARD\_1.CHANNEL\_012 Isat

PCIE\_ATCA\_ADC\_16.BOARD\_1.CHANNEL\_013 Vf

PCIE\_ATCA\_ADC\_16.BOARD\_1.CHANNEL\_014 Vf

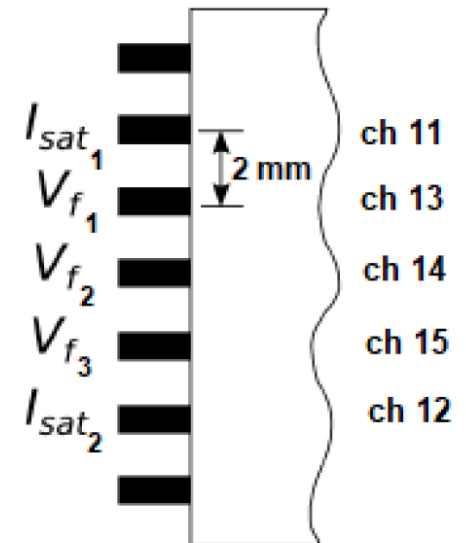
Directions:



Poloidal



Toroidal

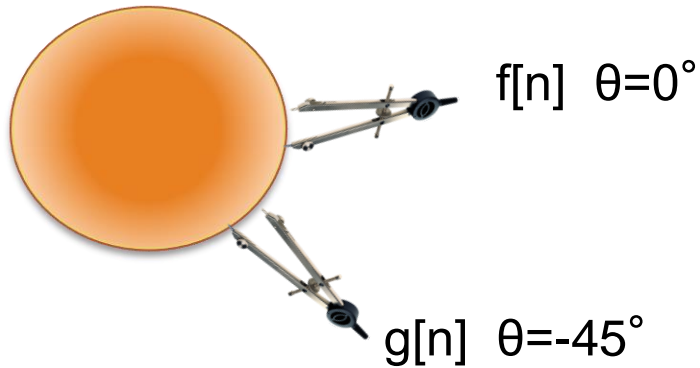


# Analysis steps



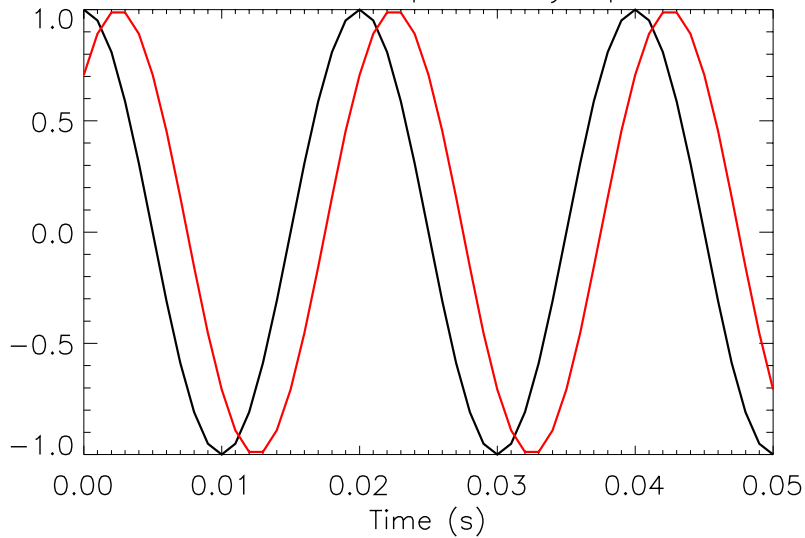
- Estimate fluctuations in  $V_{f1}$ ,  $V_{f2}$  and  $I_{sat}$  by removing trend averaged over 1 ms
- Estimate fluctuations in radial velocity,  $B = 0.5$  T,  $d = 2$  mm
- Instantaneous flux =  $I_{sat} * v_r$
- Calculate evolution of mean flux over 1 ms

# Cross-correlation

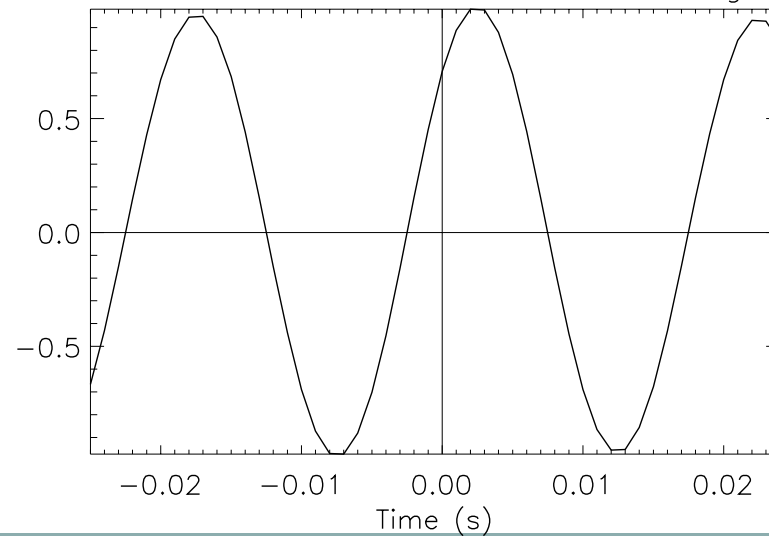


Time delay analysis  
 $v = \Delta x / \Delta t$

Two sensors poloidally apart



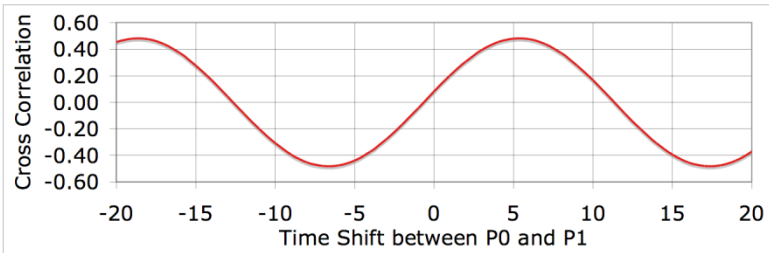
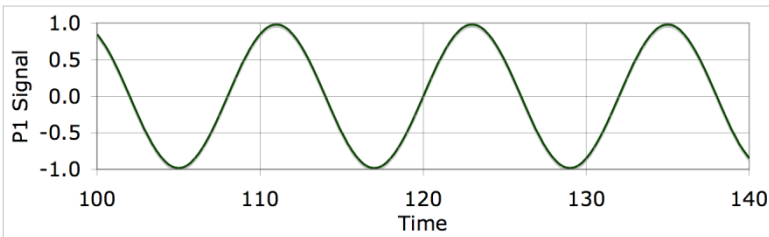
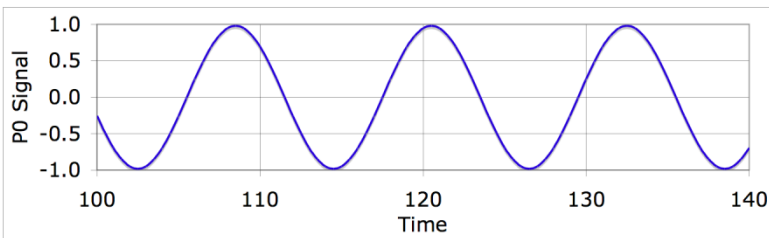
C.C. of 50Hz tone and  $\Delta t = 45^\circ$



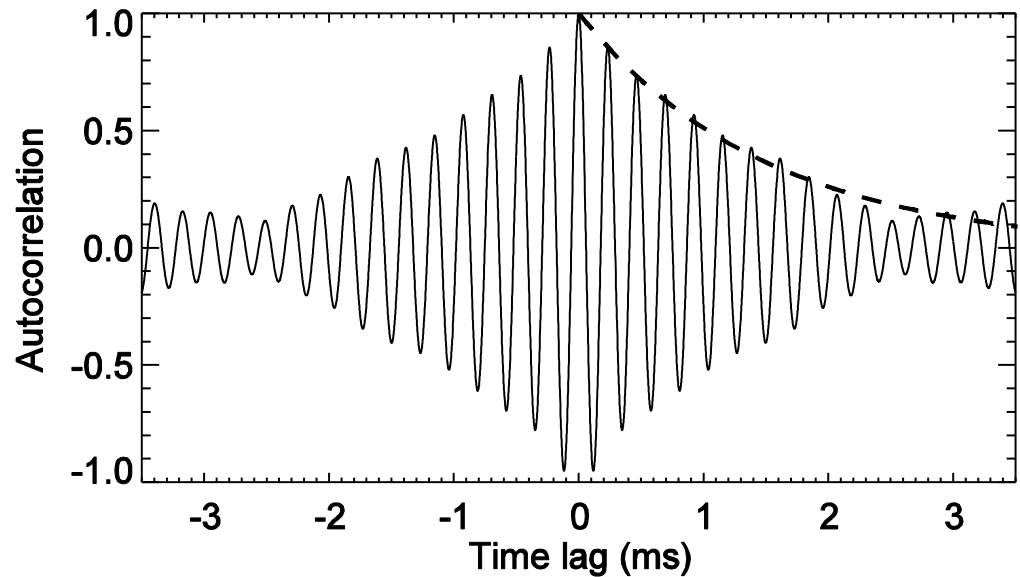
# Cross-correlation



$$C_{xy}(\tau) = \frac{\langle [x(t + \tau) - \bar{x}] [y(t) - \bar{y}] \rangle}{\sqrt{\langle [x(t) - \bar{x}]^2 \rangle \langle [y(t) - \bar{y}]^2 \rangle}}$$



- ❑ If the phase is not coherent in time (noise) (correlation time  $\gg$  period)



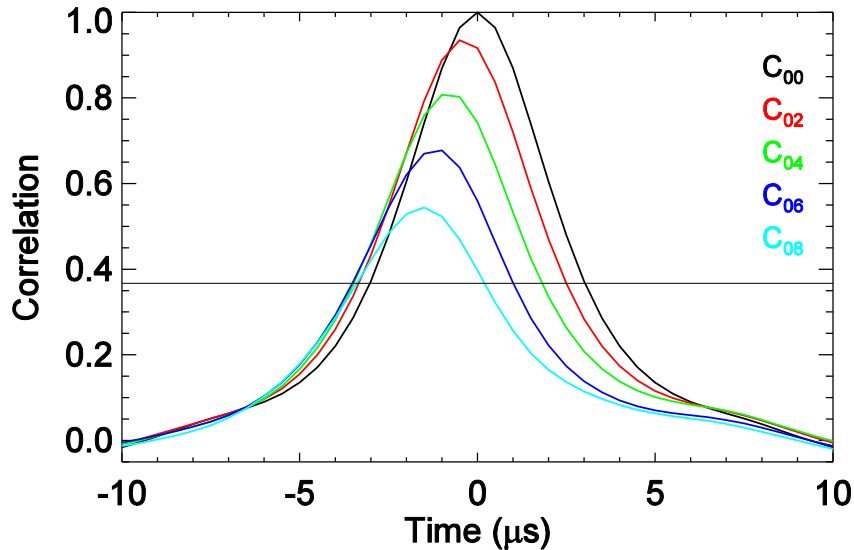


# Cross-correlation



`correlate(x1,x1, time lag)`  
`correlate(x1,x2, time lag)`  
`correlate(x1,x3, time lag)`

...



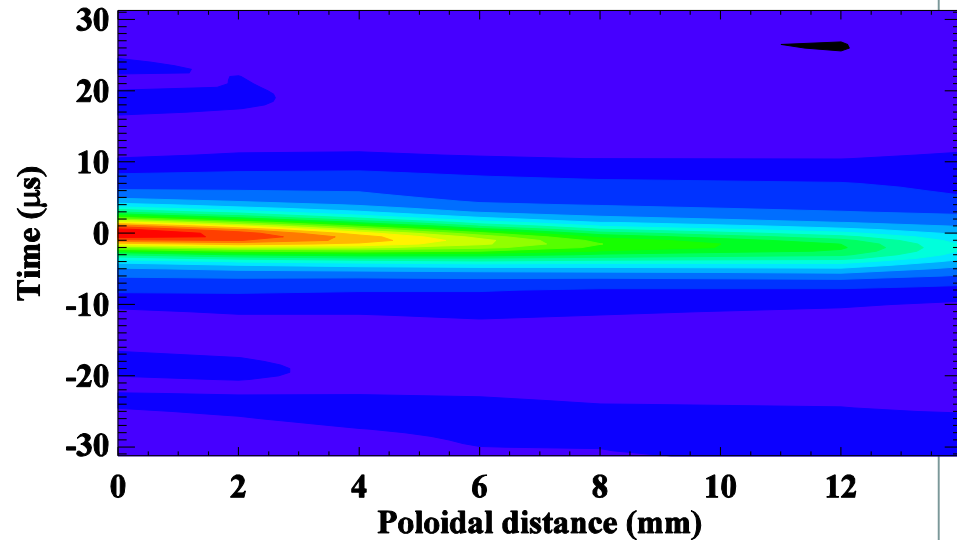
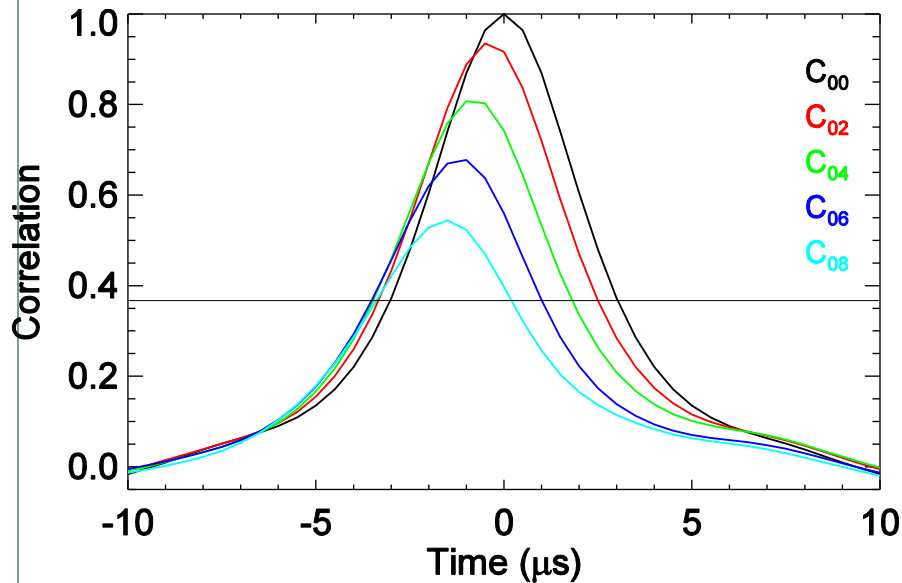
$$C_{xy}(\tau) = \frac{\langle [x(t+\tau) - \bar{x}] [y(t) - \bar{y}] \rangle}{\sqrt{\langle [x(t) - \bar{x}]^2 \rangle \langle [y(t) - \bar{y}]^2 \rangle}}$$

`numpy.correlate`

important to read documentation

```
a = (a - np.mean(a)) / (np.std(a) * len(a))  
b = (b - np.mean(b)) / (np.std(b))  
c = np.correlate(a, b, 'full')
```

# Cross-correlation



Parameters estimated from cross-correlation

- Propagation velocity (time delay)
- Size of the structures :  $\Delta x = v \cdot \Delta t$
- Characteristic time of the fluctuations

# Home work



- 8 pins vertically separated by 2 mm measuring  $I_{sat}$
- Discharge: 16574
- ID: IONIC.TR512\_B02.CHANNEL\_0 (top) a \_7 (bottom)
  
- Determine the poloidal structure of the electrostatic fluctuations as well as the plasma poloidal rotation velocity using the cross-correlation
  
- Remove trend in a time scale of 1 ms
- Use windows of 2-5 ms during the discharge flat-top

